

# Advanced Topics in Geometry F1 (MTH.B506)

Sectional Curvature

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## Problem 4-1

### Problem

Consider a Riemannian metric  $g = dr^2 + \{\varphi(r)\}^2 d\theta^2$  on  $U := \{(r, \theta); 0 < r < r_0, -\pi < \theta < \pi\}$ , where  $r_0 \in (0, +\infty]$  and  $\varphi$  is a positive smooth function defined on  $(0, r_0)$  with

$$\lim_{r \rightarrow +0} \varphi(r) = 0, \quad \lim_{r \rightarrow +0} \varphi'(r) = 1.$$

Find a function  $\varphi$  such that  $(U, g)$  is flat.

Hint:  $[\partial/\partial r, (1/\varphi)\partial/\partial\theta]$  is an orthonormal frame.

## Problem 4-2

### Problem

Compute the curvature form of  $H^2(-1)$  with respect to an orthonormal frame  $[e_1, e_2]$  as in Exercise 3-2.

$$\begin{aligned} \mathbf{f} &= (\cosh u, \cos v \sinh u, \sin v \sinh u) : (0, \infty) \times (-\pi, \pi) \rightarrow \mathbb{R}_1^3 \\ e_1 &= (\sinh u, \cos v \cosh u, \sin v \cosh u), \\ e_2 &= (0, -\sin v, \cos v) \end{aligned}$$